Imagine a snake with a body so brightly colored, it looks like it's wearing a party costume! This is the Eastern Coral Snake, a small, thin snake with a head that barely stands out from its body. Its skin is covered with a pattern of red, yellow, and black bands that make it one of the most recognizable snakes in the world. But don't let its festive look fool you, this snake has a serious side too.

Speaking of serious, when it comes to mealtime, the Eastern Coral Snake is all business. Its favorite foods are small lizards and other snakes, which it catches using its short, fixed front fangs. The Eastern Coral Snake is a connoisseur of the 'grab-and-hold' style of dining, which means it holds onto its food while injecting it with venom. Even though this might sound scary, it is just part of how the Eastern Coral Snake survives in the wild.



This wild habitat of theirs is mostly in the southeastern United States. They like to live in forested or marshy areas where they can hide under leaf litter or in burrows. Eastern Coral Snakes are oviparous, which means they lay eggs, with the babies, called hatchlings, born fully formed. These hatchlings grow into adults who shed their skin several times a year, a process known as molting.



Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Eastern Coral Snake

Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question. What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several tim	00.0	voor?
1)	A. Grow new fangs		Change their color
	C. Shed their skin		Hibernate
	c. Shed then skin	D.	Internate
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?		
	A. In the southeastern United States.		In the rainforests of South America.
	C. In the deserts of Africa.	D.	In the mountains of Asia.
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	es li	ke to hide?
	A. In tree branches or in bird nests	B.	Under rocks or in caves
	C. In water or in swampy areas	D.	Under leaf litter or in burrows
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake a	offe	et humane?
4)	A. It causes temporary dizziness.		It is very dangerous.
	C. Coral snakes do not bite.		It is painless.
	e. Corar shakes do not one.	D.	it is paintess.
5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea		
	A. Exfoliating	В.	Peeling
	C. Molting	D.	Shedding
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern	n Co	oral Snakes?
	A. Pups.	В.	Fry.
	C. Hatchlings.	D.	Larvae.
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the E	aste	rn Coral Snake?
	A. Orange, black, and white	B.	Red, white, and blue
	C. Blue, green, and yellow	D.	Red, yellow, and black
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	2 11 5 6	to eat its food?
0)	-		Hide and ambush
	C. Chase and conquer		Grab and hold
	-		
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for		T (111 1 1)
	A. Birds and their eggs.		Insects like spiders and ants.
	C. Nuts and seeds.	D.	Small lizards and other snakes.
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its f	ood	?
	A. Using its short, fixed front fangs.	В.	By constricting its prey.
	C. By swallowing it whole.	D.	By using its long, sharp teeth.
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer for	or th	eir habitat?
,	A. Desert areas		Urban areas
	C. Mountainous areas		Forested or marshy areas
			,

1-10										
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

		Eastern Coral S	nake	Name:
12)	Are eastern coral snakes aggres	ssive towards hum	nans?	
	A. Yes, they are often aggress towards humans.	ive B.	No, they are shy and prefer humans.	r to avoid
	C. Only the females are aggre	ssive D	. Only the males are aggress	ive
13)	Why are bites from Eastern Co	ral Snakes rare?		
	A. These snakes are friendly a not to bite	nd prefer B.	These snakes have poor air	m
	C. These snakes lose their fan	gs with age D.	. These snakes would rather away	hide or run

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 14) "Did you know we use our fangs to grab and hold our food while injecting it with venom?"
- 15) "You'll typically find me in icy, cold regions. I adore the snow!"
- 16) "I enjoy eating a diet that mainly consists of fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "Once I grow into an adult, I never shed my skin again!"
- 18) "You could spot us from a mile away with our bright red, yellow, and black stripes."
- **19**) "When we are hungry, we like to munch on small lizards and, believe it or not, other snakes!"
- 20) "I prefer living on tree tops."

- 21) "I give live birth to my little ones. They come out wriggling and ready to explore the world."
- 22) "I have the mildest venom among snakes, harmless to humans!"
- 23) "Our babies, called hatchlings, are already fully formed when they are born."
- 24) "My venom isn't that powerful. A bite from me is similar to a bee sting."
- **25**) "Even though our venom is potent, we hardly ever bite humans because we prefer to hide or run away."
- 26) "I have large, retractable fangs that I use to catch my food."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin several times a year.
- 28) It's interesting to watch an Eastern Coral Snake shed its skin.
- **29**) Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to hide under leaf litter or in burrows.
- **30)** Eastern Coral Snakes are beautiful creatures with their vibrant red, yellow, and black bands.
- **31**) Eastern Coral Snakes can be found in the southeastern part of the United States.
- 32) It is disgusting that Eastern Coral Snakes will eat other snakes.
- **33**) Eastern Coral Snakes give birth to live young instead of laying eggs.
- **34)** Eastern Coral Snakes mostly live in forested or marshy areas.
- **35**) It's impressive how the Eastern Coral Snake can hold its food and inject venom at the same time.

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Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 37) Eastern Coral Snakes are mostly found in the southeastern United States.
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- 44) Eastern Coral Snakes eat only plants.
- **45**) Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to avoid humans.
- **46**) Eastern Coral Snakes lay eggs.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 47) Eastern coral snakes are great climbers and can be found in trees.
- **48)** Can eastern coral snakes swim?
- **49**) Eastern coral snakes are venomous.
- 50) Eastern coral snakes have red, yellow, and black colored bands on their bodies.
- 51) How do eastern coral snakes protect themselves?
- 52) Where do eastern coral snakes live?

		Eastern Coral Si	nake	Name:
1.	26.		51	
2.	27.		52.	
3.	28.			
4.	29.			
5.	30.			
6.	31.			
7.	32.			
8.	33.			
9.	34.			
10.	35.			
11.	36.			
12.	37.			
13.	38.			
14.	39.			
15.	40.			
16.	41.			
17.	42.			
18.	43.			
19.	44.			
20.	45.			
21.	46.			
22.	47.			
23.	48.			
24.	49.			
25.	50.			
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Solve each problem.

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			-
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	Eastern Cora	al Snake	Name:	Answer Key
12)	Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards	humans?		
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	C. Only the females are aggressive	D. Only the males are aggre	essive	
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	C. These snakes lose their fangs with age	D. These snakes would rath away	er hide or rur	1

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		I	Eastern Coral S	nake		Name:	Answer Key
1.	С	26.	false	51.	interrogative		
2.	A	27.	fact	52.	interrogative		
3.	D	28.	opinion				
4.	<u> </u>	29.	fact				
5.	<u> </u>	30.	opinion				
6.	<u> </u>	31.	fact				
7.	D	32.	opinion				
8.	D	33.	fact				
9.	D	34.	fact				
10.	A	35.	opinion				
11.	D	36.	opinion				
12.	B	37.	true				
13.	D	38.	false				
14.	true	<u> </u>	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	declarative				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	false	49.	declarative				
25.	true	50.	declarative				
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Eastern Coral Snake

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Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several	times a year? (paragraph 3)	
	A. Grow new fangs	B. Change their color	
	C. Shed their skin	D.	
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found	? (paragraph 3)	
	A. In the southeastern United States.	B. In the rainforests of South America.	
	С.	D.	
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Sr	akes like to hide? (paragraph 3)	
	A. In tree branches or in bird nests	B. Under rocks or in caves	
	С.	D. Under leaf litter or in burrows	
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral sna	ke affect humans? (paragraph 4)	
,	A. It causes temporary dizziness.	B. It is very dangerous.	
	C.	D.	
5)	What is the name for the process in which	Eastern Coral Snakes remove old skin? (paragra	aph 3)
,	A.	B. Peeling	1 /
	C. Molting	D.	
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eas	tern Coral Snakes? (paragraph 3)	
	A. Pups.	B.	
	C. Hatchlings.	D.	
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the	e Eastern Coral Snake? (paragraph 1)	
	A. Orange, black, and white	B.	
	С.	D. Red, yellow, and black	
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Sn	ake use to eat its food? (paragraph 2)	
	A. Stalk and pounce	B. Hide and ambush	
	С.	D. Grab and hold	
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite	food? (paragraph 2)	
	A. Birds and their eggs.	В.	
	С.	D. Small lizards and other snakes.	
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch i	ts food? (paragraph 2)	
	A. Using its short, fixed front fangs.	B. By constricting its prey.	
	С.	D.	
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefe	r for their habitat? (paragraph 3)	
	A. Desert areas	В.	
	С.	D. Forested or marshy areas	

	Ea	stern Coral Snake	Name:			
12)	12) Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards humans? (paragraph 4)					
	A. Yes, they are often aggressive	B. No, they are sh	ny and prefer to avoid			
	towards humans.	humans.				
	С.	D.				