

Hey there, have you ever spotted a bird standing on one leg, colored in shades of pink and red? That's a flamingo, a beautiful bird that gets its dazzling color from eating certain types of food, like shrimp and algae. These stunning creatures have long, lean necks and equally long legs that help them wade in deep waters. Flamingos have a unique beak that's bent in the middle, which they use like a filter to catch their food in water.

Speaking of food, let's dive into a flamingo's typical menu. They love to munch on small creatures like shrimps, snails, and microscopic organisms known as plankton. These animals contain a natural pigment called carotenoids that gives flamingos their pink color. When baby flamingos are born, they are grey or white, but they start to turn pink after eating food containing carotenoids.

Now that we have our bellies full, let's take a trip to where these beautiful birds hang out. Flamingos live in parts of Africa, Asia, the Americas, and Europe, but the majority of them love to hang out in parts of Africa and South America. They love living in large groups, sometimes with thousands of other flamingos, around lakes, lagoons, and swamps. Living in large groups helps protect them from predators and increases their chances of finding a mate.





If you're wondering how we humans interact with flamingos, you're in for a treat. People around the world adore flamingos and often visit places where they live to watch their elegant movements and beautiful colors. However, humans can also pose a threat to flamingos by disturbing their natural habitats. So, while we admire these beautiful birds, it's important to remember to protect their homes so they can continue to thrive and paint our world pink with their presence.



Name:

Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

1) What are some foods flamingos eat?

A. Nuts, seeds, and berries

C. Shrimps, snails, and plankton

2) How do flamingos get their dazzling color?

A. They are born with it.

B. By eating certain types of food like shrimp and algae.

B. Fish, frogs, and insects D. Grass, leaves, and fruits

C. By rolling in colored mud.

D. By bathing in bright colored water.

3) What color are baby flamingos when they are born?

A. Black or brown

B. Yellow or orange

C. Grey or white

D. pink or red

4) What is a threat to flamingos?

A. Humans disturbing their natural habitats

B. Fire in the forest

C. Rainstorms and floods

D. Heavy snow and ice

5) What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs?

A. To help them wade in deep waters

B. To help them fly

C. To help them climb trees

D. To help them run fast

6) What gives flamingos their pink color?

A. Melanin

B. Keratin

C. Chlorophyll

D. Carotenoids

7) Where do most flamingos live?

A. Parts of Asia and Europe

B. Parts of Africa and South America

C. Parts of North America and Australia

D. Parts of Antarctica and Arctic

8) What kind of habitats do flamingos like?

A. Deserts, mountains, and forests

B. Fields, meadows, and hills

C. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps

D. Cities, towns, and villages

9) What's special about a flamingo's beak?

A. It's long and helps them reach high

food sources.

B. It changes color to match their

D. It is very sharp and helps them catch

surroundings.

C. It is bent in the middle and they use it

like a filter to catch their food in water.

fish.

10) Why do flamingos live in large groups?

A. For protection from predators

B. For warmth

C. For food

D. For play

1-10										
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0



Flamingo Name:

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "I use my beak for hunting on the ground for worms."
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- **20**) "I enjoy being solitary and independent."
- 21) "I am born with a beautiful pink color."
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- 23) "I get my pink color from eating food containing carotenoids."
- **24)** "I like to live in small groups of less than 20."
- 25) "We grow up together in huge groups. There are sometimes thousands of us in one place."
- **26)** "I love living near water. Lakes, lagoons, and swamps are where I call home."
- 27) "I can be found all over the world, from Africa to Europe."
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- 29) "The secret behind my pink color is the food I eat."
- **30)** "We usually live in large groups so that we can help protect each other."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) Living in large groups helps flamingos to stay safe from predators.
- 32) The long neck of a flamingo is the most interesting part of its body.
- 33) Flamingos eat small creatures like shrimp, snails, and plankton.
- **34)** Flamingos look the best when they are standing on one leg.
- 35) Flamingos obtain their pink color from their diet.
- **36)** Flamingos are the best birds to watch because of their graceful movements.
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- **38)** Baby flamingos are not born pink.
- **39)** Flamingos are the most attractive birds because of their pink and red colors.
- **40**) Flamingos have the most unique beaks among all birds.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41)** Living in large groups helps protect flamingos from predators.
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- 43) Baby flamingos are not born pink.



Name:

- **44)** Baby flamingos are pink when they are born.
- **45**) Flamingos live in parts of Africa and Europe.
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- **47**) Flamingos eat only plants and seeds.
- **48**) Flamingos prefer to live by themselves.
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Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) Flamingos don't usually fly at night.
 - A. didn't

B. do not

C. doesn't

D. can't

- 52) Flamingos <u>aren't</u> just beautiful to look at, they're an important part of the eco system.
 - A. are not

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- 53) It's a fact that flamingos stand on one leg to conserve heat.
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55) I'm amazed by how flamingos can fly," said the zookeeper.

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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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- 58) It's incredible to know that flamingos have been around for 30 million years!
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- **61)** Flamingos can stand on one leg for a long time.
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- 63) Flamingos can live up to 50 years, imagine that!
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- **67**) What do flamingos eat?
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- 69) Did you know that a flock of flamingos is called a "flamboyance", how unique is that!
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	Flamingo	Name:	
1.	26.	51	
2.	27.	52.	
3.	28.	53.	
4.	29.	54	
5.	30.	55.	
6.	31.	56.	
7.	32.	57.	
8.	33.	58.	
9.	34.	59.	
10.	35.	60.	
11.	36.	61.	
12.	37.	62.	
13.	38.	63.	
14.	39.	64.	
15.	40.	65.	
16.	41.	66.	
17.	42.	67.	
18.	43.	68.	
19.	44.	69.	
20.	45.	70.	
21.	46.	71	
22.	47.		
23.	48.		
24.	49.		
25.	50.		

Page 6 of 6

Reading

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Name: Answer Key

1.	C	26.	true	51.	В
2.	В	27.	true	52.	A
3.	C	28.	false	53.	D
4.	A	29.	true	54.	A
5.	A	30.	true	55.	C
6.	D	31.	fact	56.	declarative
7.	В	32.	opinion	57.	exclamatory
8.	C	33.	fact	58.	exclamatory
9.	C	34.	opinion	59.	exclamatory
10.	<u>A</u>	35.	fact	60.	exclamatory
11.	false	36.	opinion	61.	declarative
12.	false	37.	fact	62.	interrogative
13.	true	38.	fact	63.	exclamatory
14.	false	39.	opinion	64. <u> </u>	declarative
15.	false	40.	opinion	65.	interrogative
16.	false	41.	true	66.	exclamatory
17.	true	42.	false	67. <u> </u>	interrogative
18.	true	43.	true	68.	exclamatory
19.	true	44.	false	69. <u> </u>	exclamatory
20.	false	45.	true	70.	exclamatory
21.	false	46.	false	71.	exclamatory
22.	false	47.	false		
23.	true	48.	false		
24.	false	49. <u> </u>	true		
25.	true	50.	true		

Flamingo Name:

Solve each problem.

Use	the	article	to	answer	the	question.
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1) What are some foods flamingos eat? (paragraph 2)

A. B. Fish, frogs, and insects

C. Shrimps, snails, and plankton D.

2) How do flamingos get their dazzling color? (paragraph 1)

A. They are born with it.

B. By eating certain types of food like

shrimp and algae.

C. D.

3) What color are baby flamingos when they are born? (paragraph 2)

A. Black or brown B. Yellow or orange

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habitats

C. D.

5) What is the purpose of a flamingo's long legs? (paragraph 1)

A. To help them wade in deep waters

B. To help them fly

C. D.

6) What gives flamingos their pink color? (paragraph 2)

A. B. Keratin

C. D. Carotenoids

7) Where do most flamingos live? (paragraph 3)

A. Parts of Asia and Europe

B. Parts of Africa and South America

C. D.

8) What kind of habitats do flamingos like? (paragraph 3)

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A. For protection from predators B.

C. D.



Name:

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