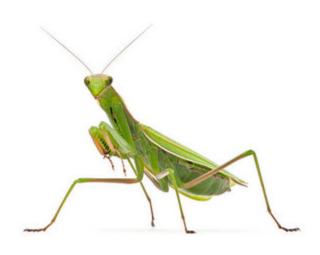
Name:

Imagine a creature that looks like it comes from an alien world, with a triangular head that turns 180 degrees and two big, bulging eyes. Well, there's no need to imagine, because such a creature exists right here on Earth - it's called a praying mantis! These fascinating insects are named so because of their prayer-like stance, with their two front legs folded as if praying. A praying mantis can be green or brown and can range in size from 0.5 to 6 inches, and it's a master of disguise, blending perfectly with its surroundings.

Speaking of surroundings, praying mantises can be found all over the world, living in a variety of environments. From warm, tropical rainforests to cool, temperate regions, these adaptable



critters make their homes in trees, shrubs, and even in grassy meadows. They're most commonly seen in the spring and summer months, and if you're lucky enough, you might spot one in your own backyard! And do you know what's even cooler? Female mantises lay up to 200 eggs, which they encase in a protective foam that hardens into an egg case.

Now, let's talk about what happens when those eggs hatch. The baby mantises, called nymphs, look like miniature versions of their parents. As they grow, they shed their skin, a process called molting, until they become full-grown mantises. These insects are carnivores and eat a variety of insects, including flies and moths, and sometimes they even eat each other!



Lastly, let's not forget to mention the interesting relationship mantises have with other animals and humans. For some animals, mantises are a source of food, but for others, these stealthy hunters are a threat. Humans, on the other hand, appreciate mantises because they help control pest populations. So, next time you see a praying mantis, remember that it's not only an incredible insect, but also an important part of our ecosystem.

	Prayir	g Mantis	Name:				
Solve each problem.							
Use the article to answer the question.							
1)	What is the process called when baby ma	ntises shed their skin?					
	A. Shedding	B. Skinning					
	C. Molting	D. Mantising					
2)	Where would you most likely not find p	ying mantises making the	eir homes?				
	A. Beaches	B. Shrubs					
	C. Meadows	D. Trees					
3)	What are baby mantises called?						
0)	A. larvae	B. nymphs					
	C. caterpillars	D. pupae					
Δ	-						
4)	What is special about the head of a prayi	-	an without its haad				
	A. It can turn its head 180 degrees.C. It is able to detach its head.	B. It can survive eve					
	C. It is able to detach its head.	D. It grows a new he	ead every 0 months.				
5)	What colors can a praying mantis be?						
	A. Blue or red.	B. Purple or yellow.					
	C. Black or white.	D. Green or brown.					
6)	How many eggs can a female praying m	ntis lay?					
,	A. up to 100	B. up to 500					
	C. only one	D. up to 200					
7)	Which best describes the diet of mantise	0					
7)	A. omnivores	B. herbivores					
	C. insectivores	D. carnivores					
8)	What time of year are praying mantises	•					
	A. Fall and winter months	B. All year round					
	C. Spring and summer months	D. Random times th	roughout the year				
9)	What is the purpose of the foam that cov	rs the eggs?					
	A. Provides food for the nymphs	B. Protects the eggs					
	C. Helps eggs hatch faster	D. Keeps eggs warn	n				
10)	Why do humans appreciate mantises?						
	A. They make good pets	B. They help contro	l pest populations				
		2 1					

C. because they are great hunters

C. They help spread seeds

11) Why are praying mantises named so?

A. because of their prayer-like stance

- D. They help clean rivers
- B. because they can turn their heads 180 degrees
- D. because they have triangular heads



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I'm vegetarian, I don't eat insects."
- 13) "I usually lay just one or two eggs."
- 14) "Whether it's green or brown, my color always matches where I live. This helps me stay safe from my predators."
- 15) "We mainly eat plant-based food."
- 16) "I can't turn my head."
- 17) "All animals see me as a source of food."
- 18) "You would usually spot me during the spring and summer months."
- 19) "As I grow, I have to shed my skin, a process called molting, kind of like how snakes do!"
- 20) "See my front legs? I fold them up when I'm at rest, so it looks like I'm praying."
- 21) "We remain the same size throughout our life."
- 22) "I look completely different from my parents when I'm younger."
- 23) "We mantises are disliked by most humans!"
- 24) "From hot jungles to cool grasslands, I can make any place my home."
- 25) "I'm only active during the winter months."
- 26) "Sometimes, survival gets tough and I have to eat my fellow mantises."
- 27) "When my babies, or nymphs, come out from eggs, they look exactly like me, but a smaller version."
- 28) "When it's time to lay eggs, I can lay up to 200 at a time! I protect them in a special hard case."
- **29**) "We only live in cold, snowy areas."
- **30)** "I can twist my head all the way around to look at things behind me. Kind of like having eyes in the back of my head."
- 31) "There's nothing like a good meal of flies or moths. I'm a carnivore, you see."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **32**) When hatched, praying mantis nymphs look just like their parents but in a smaller form.
- **33**) Seeing a praying mantis in your backyard could be the most exciting part of your day.
- **34)** Female praying mantises can lay almost 200 eggs.
- **35)** The way a praying mantis blends with its environment is absolutely amazing.
- **36)** The praying mantis is an insect that has large, bulging eyes and a triangular head which can rotate 180 degrees.
- **37)** It's astonishing that a female mantis can lay up to 200 eggs!
- Praying mantises are carnivores eating a variety of insects, even including their own species.
- **39**) Praying mantises can be found in many different environments all around the globe.
- **40)** Praying mantises have the most interesting look among all insects.



41) Praying mantises are quite scary because of their ability to turn their heads 180 degrees.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **42)** Mantises are a threat to some animals.
- **43)** Praying mantises are only active in the winter months.
- **44)** The babies look like miniature versions of their parents.
- **45)** A praying mantis can turn its head 360 degrees.
- **46)** Baby mantises are called nymphs.
- **47)** Praying mantises are only green in color.
- **48)** Praying mantises are herbivores.
- **49**) Praying mantises only live in tropical rainforests.
- 50) The praying mantis get their name from their prayer-like stance.
- **51**) Female mantises lay up to 200 eggs.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 52) The praying mantis is blending perfectly with the leaves!
- 53) Watch how it holds its folded forelegs like it is praying.
- 54) What do some cultures consider praying mantises to be symbols of?
- 55) There are over 2,000 species of praying mantises, that's an huge number!
- **56**) Praying mantises help control pests in gardens by eating them.
- **57)** How do praying mantises defend themselves when threatened?
- 58) Praying mantises are considered symbols of good luck and patience in many cultures.
- **59)** Why do gardeners like having praying mantises around?
- **60)** Praying mantises use their front legs to appear bigger and scarier when threatened.
- 61) Gently handle a praying mantis to observe it up close, but remember to release it unharmed.
- **62)** Incredibly, some praying mantises can camouflage themselves to blend in with their surroundings!
- **63)** Notice the praying mantis's long and flexible antenna.

		Prayin	g Mantis	Name:	
1.		26.	51		
2.		27.			
3.		28.	53.		
4.		29.	54		
5.		30.	55		
6.		31.	56		
7.		32.	57		
8.		33.	58		
9.		34.	59		
10.		35.	60		
11.		36.	61.		
12.		37.	62.		
13.		38.	63.		
14.		39.			
15.		40.			
16.		41.			
17.		42.			
18.		43.			
19.		44			
20.		45.			
21.		46.			
22.		47.			
23.		48.			
24.		49.			
25.	Reading	50.			
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Name:

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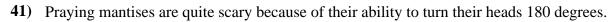
	Praying N	/Ian	tis	Name:	Answer Key		
Solv	e each problem.	Tun		T unite.			
Use	Use the article to answer the question.						
	What is the process called when baby mantis	es s	hed their skin?				
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2)	Where would you most likely not find prayin	ng m	antises making their homes?	,			
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4)	What is special about the head of a praying n	nant	is?				
	A. It can turn its head 180 degrees.		It can survive even without	its head.			
	C. It is able to detach its head.	D.	It grows a new head every	6 months.			
5)	What as laws one a graving months had						
5)	What colors can a praying mantis be? A. Blue or red.	в	Purple or yellow.				
	C. Black or white.		Green or brown.				
6)	How many eggs can a female praying mantis	-					
	A. up to 100		up to 500				
	C. only one	D.	up to 200				
7)	Which best describes the diet of mantises?						
	A. omnivores		herbivores				
	C. insectivores	D.	carnivores				
8)	What time of year are praying mantises most	cor	nmonly seen?				
	A. Fall and winter months	В.	All year round				
	C. Spring and summer months	D.	Random times throughout	he year			
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20)	A. They make good pets	B.	They help control pest pop	ulations			
	C. They help spread seeds		They help clean rivers				
11)	When one among a manuficer and and						
11)	Why are praying mantises named so? A. because of their prayer-like stance	R	because they can turn their	heads 180			
	1. occause of men prayer-fixe stance	D.	degrees	11000 100			
	C. because they are great hunters	D.	because they have triangula	ar heads			

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			Praying Mant	is		Name:	Answer Key
1.	С	26.	true	51.	true		
2.	A	27	true	52.	exclamatory	_	
3.	<u> </u>	28	true	53.	imperative	_	
4.	A	29.	false	54.	interrogative	_	
5.	D	30.	true	55.	exclamatory	_	
6.	D	31.	true	56.	declarative		
7.	D	32.	fact	57.	interrogative		
8.	С	33.	opinion	58.	declarative		
9.	В	34	fact	59.	interrogative		
10.	В	35	opinion	60.	declarative		
11.	Α	36.	fact	61.	imperative		
12.	false	37	opinion	62.	exclamatory	_	
13.	false	38	fact	63.	imperative	_	
14.	true	39	fact				
15.	false	40	opinion				
16.	false	41	opinion				
17.	false	42	true				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44	true				
20.	true	45	false				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47	false				
23.	false	48.	false				
24.	true	49.	false				
25.	false	50	true				
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Solve each problem.

Use	the article to answer the question.						
1)	1) What is the process called when baby mantises shed their skin? (paragraph 3)						
	Α.	B.	Skinning				
	C. Molting	D.					
2)	Where would you most likely not find praying mantises making their homes? (paragraph 2)						
	A. Beaches	-	Shrubs				
	С.	D.					
3)	What are baby mantises called? (paragraph 3)						
0)	A. larvae	B	nymphs				
	C.	D.	nympils				
4)	What is special about the head of a praying m	anti	IS? (paragraph 1)				
	A. It can turn its head 180 degrees.	В.	It can survive even without its head.				
	C.	D.					
5)	What colors can a praying mantis be? (paragraph	1)					
,	A. Blue or red.	B.					
	С.	D.	Green or brown.				
6)	How many eggs can a female praying mantis	lavʻ	(noregraph 2)				
U)	A.		up to 500				
			-				
	C.	D.	up to 200				
7)	Which best describes the diet of mantises? (part	ragrap	oh 3)				
	A. omnivores	В.					
	С.	D.	carnivores				
8)	What time of year are praying mantises most	con	nmonly seen? (paragraph 2)				
	Α.	B.	All year round				
	C. Spring and summer months	D.					
9)	What is the purpose of the foam that covers the	ne e	ggs? (paragraph 2)				
-)	A.		Protects the eggs				
	C.	D.					
10)	Wiles de la service en activité de la servic						
10)	Why do humans appreciate mantises? (paragraph						
	А.		They help control pest populations				
	С.	D.					
11)	Why are praying mantises named so? (paragraph	1)					
,	A. because of their prayer-like stance		because they can turn their heads 180				
	1 2		degrees				
	С.	D.	-				



Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

12) "I'm vegetarian, I don't eat insects." (paragraph 3)

