

Let's dive into the fascinating world of wood storks, a truly unique creature! These spectacular birds are big, standing up to 3.5 feet high with a wingspan of up to 5.5 feet. Their bodies are covered in white feathers, but their heads and necks are bald, covered in a scaly, dark gray skin. And if you get a chance to see them in flight, you'll notice their black flight feathers which is a pretty cool contrast to their white bodies.

Now that you've pictured these magnificent creatures, let's discover where they live and what they eat. Wood storks are found in the southeastern United States, but they really love the wetlands of Florida, Georgia, and South



Carolina. They are expert fishermen who love to dine on small fish, and they have a unique fishing technique. They use their sensitive beaks to feel for fish in the murky water, and snap! They've got their dinner.

From their amazing fishing skills, let's move to their interesting life cycle and their relationship with other animals. Wood storks are quite social and like to live in large colonies with other birds. They build their nests in trees near water, often sharing their space with herons, egrets, and ibises. During breeding season, each pair of wood storks takes turns incubating their eggs, and then feeding and taking care of their chicks.



We've learned so much about wood storks, but let's not forget about their relationship with us humans and their unique defenses. While they might look a bit intimidating with their large size and bald heads, wood storks are generally peaceful creatures and pose no threat to humans. In fact, they are a protected species in many areas because their habitats are threatened by human activity. So next time when you see a wood stork, give it a friendly wave, and remember all the cool facts you've learned about them!



Wood Stork Name:

Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

1) Are wood storks a protected species?

A. No, there are too many of them B. Yes, in many areas

C. No, they are not protected D. No, they are considered pests

2) During the breeding season, who incubates the eggs of the wood stork?

A. Neither, they leave them to hatch on their own

B. Both parents take turns

C. Only the father stork

D. Only the mother stork

3) What do wood storks eat?

A. Other birds

B. Fish

C. Plants

D. Insects

4) What colors are the feathers on a wood stork's body?

A. Green and yellow B. Red and blue

C. White and black D. Brown and gray

5) Are wood storks dangerous to humans?

A. Yes, they are very aggressive B. Yes, they often attack humans

C. Yes, they carry dangerous diseases D. No, they are peaceful creatures

6) Where can you find wood storks?

A. Southwestern United States B. Northeastern United States

C. Southeastern United States D. Northwestern United States

7) With which other birds do wood storks share their space?

A. Parrots, toucans, and budgerigars

B. Doves, pigeons, and sparrows

C. Herons, egrets, and ibises D. Eagles, hawks, and owls

8) What is the texture of the skin on a wood stork's head and neck?

A. Smooth B. Furry

C. Feathery D. Scaly

9) What is the color of the feathers on a wood stork's body?

A. Brown B. White

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10) Where do wood storks like to live?

A. Wetlands B. Forests
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11) What color are the flight feathers of a wood stork?

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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 12) "I build my nest on the ground."
- 13) "Caring is in our nature. Once the eggs are laid, both parents share responsibility in taking care of the chicks."
- 14) "We are big birds, as tall as three and a half feet!"
- 15) "I might look a bit intimidating with my large size and bald head, but I'm pretty chill, not aggressive at all."
- 16) "During the breeding season, you will see me sharing responsibilities with my partner, we even take turns incubating our eggs."
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- 22) "I am pretty social and enjoy living in a large neighborhood of fellow birds."
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- 24) "My home's a bit swampy—I love living in the wetlands of Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina."
- 25) "Our black feathers make quite a sight against our white bodies, especially when we're soaring high up in the sky."
- **26**) "I prefer to live alone, not in large colonies."
- 27) "Our keen beaks help us feel the fish before getting it in our beak quickly."
- 28) "We have no feathers on our heads or necks, it's just smooth, scaly, grey skin."
- **29**) "I'm very aggressive towards humans."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) Wood storks often share their living space with herons, egrets, and ibises.
- **32)** Wood storks' black flight feathers make them look extra stylish.
- 33) Wood storks are usually found in the southeastern United States.
- **34)** Wood storks, with their bald heads, are the oddest-looking birds in the wetlands.
- 35) Wood storks can stand almost 4 feet high.
- **36)** Wood storks are not scary animals, despite their large size and bald heads.
- 37) Wood storks are a protected species because their habitats are threatened by human activity.
- 38) A wood stork's head and neck are not covered in feathers, but in a scaly, dark gray skin.
- **39)** It's not fair that wood storks have to share their nests with other birds.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41**) Wood storks share their space with other birds.
- **42)** Wood storks are one of the smallest birds in the world.
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- **48**) Only the female wood stork takes care of her chicks.
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Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) They'll eat fish and other small creatures.
 - A. They are

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- 52) I'd say their nest are quite large.
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- **53)** Wood storks aren't found everywhere in the world.
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- 54) It's a bird that's well known for its bald, dark head.
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **56)** Wood storks primarily eat small fish and amphibians.
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		Wood Stork		1	Name:	
1	 26.		51.			
2	 27.		52.			
3	 28.		53.			
4	 29.		54.			
5	 30.		55.			
6	 31.		56.			
7	32.		57.			
8.	 33.		58.			
9	 34.		59.			
10.	35.		60.			
11	 36.		61.			
12	 37.					
13	 38.					
14	 39.					
15	 40.					
16	 41.					
17	42.					
18	 43.					
19	 44.					
20.	 45.					
21	 46.					

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24. 49.

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Wood Stork

Name: An

Answer Key

1.	В	26.	false
2.	В	27.	true
3.	В	28.	true
4.	<u>C</u>	29.	false
5.	D	30.	false
6.	C	31.	fact
7.	C	32.	opinion
8.	D	33.	fact
9.	B	34.	opinion
10.	A	35.	fact
11.	A	36.	opinion
12.	false	37.	fact
13.	true	38.	fact
14.	true	39.	opinion
15.	true	40.	opinion
16.	true	41.	true
17.	false	42.	false
18.	false	43.	true
19.	true	44.	false
20.	false	45.	true
21.	false	46.	false
22.	true	47.	false
23.	false	48.	false
24.	true	49.	true
25.	true	50.	true

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	В	1011
51.		
52.	<u>A</u>	
53.	D	
54.	A	
55.	C	
56.	declarative	
57.	interrogative	
58.	declarative	
59.	declarative	
60.	interrogative	
61.	interrogative	



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Solve each problem.

Use the article to	answer the	question.
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Jse	the article to answer the question.						
1)	re wood storks a protected species? (paragraph 4)						
	A.	B.	Yes, in many areas				
	C.	D.					
2)	During the breeding season, who incubates the A. Neither, they leave them to hatch on their own	_	ggs of the wood stork? (paragraph 3) Both parents take turns				
	C.	D.					
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<i>J</i>	A. Other birds	В.	Fish				
	C.	D.					
4)	What aslams and the feethers are a great stould	. h .	Av.9				
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	C. White and black	D.	Red and blue				
5)	Are wood storks dangerous to humans? (paragraph 4)						
	A.		Yes, they often attack humans				
	C.	D.	No, they are peaceful creatures				
6)	Where can you find wood storks? (paragraph 2)						
	A.	B.	Northeastern United States				
	C. Southeastern United States	D.					
7)	With which other birds do wood storks share	thei	r space? (paragraph 3)				
- /	Α.		Doves, pigeons, and sparrows				
	C. Herons, egrets, and ibises	D.					
O)	What is the tentum of the abin on a good stor	ا ماءا	hand and madely				
ð)	What is the texture of the skin on a wood stor A.		Furry				
	C.		Scaly				
	C.	υ.	Scary				
9)	What is the color of the feathers on a wood st		•				
	A.		White				
	C.	D.					
0)	Where do wood storks like to live? (paragraph 2)						
	A. Wetlands	B.	Forests				

C. D.

11) What color are the flight feathers of a wood stork? (paragraph 1)

A. Black B. Grey

C. D.



Wood Stork

Name:

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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