Welcome to the frosty world of the Alaskan hare, a truly unique creature! These hares are larger than most rabbits and hares, and they have an amazing white fur coat that helps them blend into the snowy landscapes. Their ears are shorter than other hares to help keep them warm in the freezing weather. They also have large, strong hind legs that make them excellent jumpers and fast runners, perfect for escaping predators.

Speaking of escaping, let's hop into what these Alaskan hares eat and who might be chasing them for dinner. Alaskan hares are herbivores, meaning they munch on plants like grass, berries, and twigs. But they have to be careful because they're a favorite meal for predators like lynxes, wolves, and birds of prey. When danger approaches, Alaskan hares use their speed to outrun predators, or stay still and silent, blending into the snow with their white fur.



Now that we've covered their meals and defenses, let's burrow into the life cycle of the Alaskan hare. Like other hares, they have a fairly short gestation period, meaning the time it takes for baby hares, or leverets, to be born is only about a month. The leverets are born fully furred and with their eyes open, ready to face the world. By the time they're one year old, they're considered adults and ready to have leverets of their own.



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### Solve each problem.

Uso	the article to answer the question.						
	How long does it take for baby hares, or lever	rets	to be born?				
1)	A. About a week		About a month				
	C. About six months		About a year				
•			2				
2)	What is special about Alaskan hares ears?	ъ					
	A. Their ears droop down over their face for warmth	В.	They have longer ears than other hares				
	C. They have shorter ears than other	D	Their ear have long hair to add				
	hares	р.	warmth				
3)	What notable feature do Alaskan hares have of A. Their tails are fluffier		-				
	C. Their ears are shorter		Their noses are bigger Their whiskers are longer				
	C. Then ears are shorter	D.	Then whiskers are longer				
4)	Are Alaskan hares herbivores or carnivores?						
	A. Omnivores	В.	Herbivores				
	C. Carnivores	D.	They do not eat				
5)	Do Alaskan hares have large hind legs?						
- /	A. No	B.	Only the females have large hind legs				
	C. Only the males have large hind legs	D.	Yes				
6)	When are the Alaskan hares considered adult	c?					
0)	A. When they're two years old		When they're one year old				
	C. When they're six months old		When they're three years old				
7)	How do Alaskan hares defend themselves when danger approaches?						
	A. By hiding in holes or under rocks	В.	By running fast or staying still and silent				
	C. By fighting back with their teeth and	D	By making loud noises to scare away				
	claws	р.	the predator				
0)	Will the train of Alexandrean Learner (2)		-				
8)	<ul><li>Which choice do Alaskan hares eat?</li><li>A. Corn and squash</li></ul>	D	Carrots and lettuce				
	C. Meat and fish		Grass and berries				
	C. Meat and fish	D.	Grass and bernes				
9)	What kind of animals hunt Alaskan hares?						
	A. Bears, foxes, and eagles	В.	Lions, giraffes, and elephants				
	C. Lynxes, wolves, and birds of prey	D.	Dogs, cats, and mice				
10)	What do baby Alaskan hares, or leverets, lool	k lik	e when they are born?				
,	A. Without fur and with no eyes		Bald and with their eyes closed				
	C. Fully furred and with their eyes open	D.	Covered in spots and with their ears				
			closed				



# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "We Alaskan hares have super strong legs, they help us jump high and run really fast."
- **12**) "Funny enough, we actually enjoy hanging out with humans. They make great companions during the long winters!"
- **13**) "We hares are adapted to survive in harsher, colder climates and we're bigger and stronger than other hares."
- 14) "We have brown fur to blend in with the dirt and debris on the ground."
- 15) "I eat plants like grass, berries, and twigs. Yum!"
- 16) "Our diet consists strictly of mushrooms and ferns."
- 17) "You know, we don't really start our families until we're about five years old."
- 18) "We can't even open our eyes until we've been alive for two whole months!"
- 19) "When I'm scared, I run really fast or sit still in the snow and stay quiet. It helps me hide from predators."
- 20) "Whenever we're in danger, we climb the nearest tree to escape!"
- 21) "Oh, it takes a full six months before our young ones are born!"
- 22) "We're tiny creatures no bigger than a human hand."
- 23) "We have a rather unique defense mechanism. We play dead when predators are around!"
- 24) "We hares need to be careful, we're a favorite meal for lynxes, wolves, and birds of prey."

## Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **25)** Predators of Alaskan hares include lynxes, wolves, and birds of prey.
- **26)** The fact that Alaskan hares, like other hares, can already see and walk just after being born is fascinating.
- 27) Alaskan hares eat plants like grass, berries, and twigs.
- **28)** Alaskan hares are more interesting than other hares because they live in such a cold and harsh environment.
- **29**) Alaskan hares are larger than most rabbits and hares.
- **30**) The fact that Alaskan hares have a shorter gestation period than most other hares is quite surprising.
- **31**) Baby Alaskan hares are born fully furred and with its eyes open.
- **32)** Alaskan hares' ears are shorter than most hares.
- **33)** Alaskan hares look really cute with their short ears, wide eyes, and fluffy fur.
- **34)** Alaskan hares' ability to run very fast is truly impressive.

## Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **35)** Leverets are born with their eyes open.
- **36)** Alaskan hares have adapted to only live in tropical rain forests.
- **37**) By the time they are one year old, Alaskan hares are considered adults.
- **38)** Alaskan hares are smaller than most rabbits and hares.



- **39)** Alaskan hares are herbivores.
- **40)** Alaskan hares have long floppy ears.
- 41) By the time Alaskan hares are six months old, they are considered adults.
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- **45)** Alaskan hares are herbivores, meaning they only eat plants.
- **46**) How fast can Alaskan hares run?
- 47) Alaskan hares have long, powerful hind legs.
- **48)** Alaskan hares are also referred to as snowshoe hares.
- **49**) Do Alaskan hares live alone or in pairs?
- 50) What color is the fur of Alaskan hares during summer?

	2	Alaskan Har	re Name:
1.	26.		_
2.	27.		_
3.	28.		_
4.	29.		_
5.	30.		-
6.	31.		-
7.	32.		_
8.	33.		_
9.	34.		_
10.	35.		-
11	36.		_
12.	37.		-
13.	38.		-
14.	39.		-
15	40.		-
16.	41.		-
17	42.		-
18	43.		_
19.	44.		_
20.	45.		-
21.	46.		_
22.			_
23.	48.		_
24.			_
25	50.		_
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Name: Answer Key

### Solve each problem.

Use	Use the article to answer the question.						
1)	How long does it take for baby hares, or leverets, to be born?						
	A. About a week	В.	About a month				
	C. About six months	D.	About a year				
2)	What is special about Alaskan hares ears?						
	A. Their ears droop down over their face for warmth	В.	They have longer ears than other hares				
	C. They have shorter ears than other hares	D.	Their ear have long hair to add warmth				
3)	What notable feature do Alaskan hares have c	do Alaskan hares have compared to other hares?					
,	A. Their tails are fluffier		Their noses are bigger				
	C. Their ears are shorter	D.	Their whiskers are longer				
4)	Are Alaskan hares herbivores or carnivores?						
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	C. Lynxes, wolves, and birds of prey	D.	Dogs, cats, and mice				
10)	What do baby Alaskan hares, or leverets, look	c lik	e when they are born?				
	A. Without fur and with no eyes		Bald and with their eyes closed				
	C. Fully furred and with their eyes open		Covered in spots and with their ears				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	closed				



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			Alaskan Hare	)	Nan	ne:	Answer Key
1.	В	26.	opinion				
2.	C	27	fact				
3.	C	28	opinion				
4.	В	29	fact				
5.	<b>D</b>	30.	opinion				
6.	В	31.	fact				
7.	В	32.	fact				
8.	D	33.	opinion				
9.	C	34.	opinion				
10.	C	35.	true				
11.	true	36.	false				
12.	false	37	true				
13.	true	38	false				
14.	false	39	true				
15.	true	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	false				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	true	44	true				
20.	false	45	declarative				
21.	false	46.	interrogative				
22.	false	47	declarative				
23.	false	48.	declarative				
24.	true	49.	interrogative				
25.	fact	50	interrogative				
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	Alaskal	Паге	Name:
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
	How long does it take for baby hares, or lev	erets, to be born? (paragraph 3)	
	A. About a week	B. About a month	
	С.	D.	
2)	What is special about Alaskan hares ears? (r	paragraph 1)	
_)	A. Their ears droop down over their face	B.	
	for warmth		
	C. They have shorter ears than other hares	D.	
3)	What notable feature do Alaskan hares have	e compared to other hares? (paragraph	1)
5)	A. Their tails are fluffier	B.	1)
	C. Their ears are shorter	D.	
4)	Are Alaskan hares herbivores or carnivores A.	(paragraph 2) B. Herbivores	
	А. С.	D.	
		<i>D</i> .	
5)	Do Alaskan hares have large hind legs? (para		
	A. No	B.	
	C.	D. Yes	
6)	When are the Alaskan hares considered adu	lts? (paragraph 3)	
	А.	B. When they're one year old	
	С.	D.	
7)	How do Alaskan hares defend themselves w	/hen danger approaches? (paragraph 2)	
	A. By hiding in holes or under rocks		
		silent	
	С.	D.	
8)	Which choice do Alaskan hares eat? (paragraph	n 2)	
	A. Corn and squash	В.	
	С.	D. Grass and berries	
9)	What kind of animals hunt Alaskan hares?	naragraph 2)	
-)	A.	B. Lions, giraffes, and elephan	ts
	C. Lynxes, wolves, and birds of prey	D.	
10)	What do baby Alaskan hares, or leverets, lo	ak like when they are harn?	-h 2)
10)	A. Without fur and with no eyes	B.	<u>)</u> [])]))
	C. Fully furred and with their eyes open	D.	

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



- 11) "We Alaskan hares have super strong legs, they help us jump high and run really fast." (paragraph 1)
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