Guess what, there's a creature named after two animals – the ant and the lion, but it's not related to either! The ant lion, as it's called, is actually a tiny insect that looks a bit like a dragonfly when it's fully grown. In their younger stage, they're called 'ant lion larvae' and look like little bugs with big jaws. These guys are unique with their flat bodies, six tiny legs and a pair of fearsome jaws.

Speaking of their looks, did you know these creatures are also famous for their homes? Ant lions usually live in sandy or dusty areas where they dig small, funnel-shaped pits. These pits are not just any home, they are clever traps for unsuspecting prey, mainly ants. When an ant stumbles into the pit, the ant lion waits at the bottom to catch it with its large jaws.



Now that we've seen their homes, let's dive into their life cycle and diet. Ant lions start their life as an egg, then they hatch into larvae (the stage where they dig pits and catch ants), and finally transform into adults. The adult stage is the only time they can fly and they mostly eat pollen and nectar. Interestingly, adult ant lions don't have any jaws to eat solid food, so they only have a short time to find a mate and lay eggs before they starve.



Even though they might seem a little scary, ant lions are harmless to humans and are even beneficial. Their pits help aerate the soil and their hunting reduces the number of ants, which can be pests. They also serve as food for other creatures like birds and spiders. So, next time you see a tiny pit in a sandy area, remember it could be the home of an ant lion, an insect that's not an ant or a lion but an amazing creature in its own right.

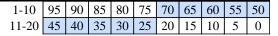


Ant Lions

Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question. 1) What does the ant lion look like when it's fully grown? A. It looks like a dragonfly. B. It looks like a sparrow. C. It looks like an ant. D. It looks like a lion. 2) Do ant lions help in reducing the number of ants? A. Yes, their hunting reduces the number B. No, they have no interactions with of ants. ants. C. No, they do not affect the number of D. No, they actually increase the number of ants. ants. 3) Where do ant lions usually live? A. They live in water bodies. B. They live in the forest. C. They live in grasslands. D. They live in sandy areas. 4) Do ant lions lay eggs? A. No, they reproduce in a different way. B. No, they don't lay eggs. C. No, they give birth to live young D. Yes, adult ant lions lay eggs. ones. 5) What do adult ant lions usually eat? A. They mostly eat ants. B. They mostly eat small insects. C. They mostly eat pollen and nectar. D. They mostly eat plant leaves. 6) What do ant lion larvae look like? A. They look like tiny dragonflies. B. They look like little bugs with big jaws. C. They look like tiny ants. D. They look like small lions. 7) What is the shape of the pits ant lions dig? A. They dig rectangular pits. B. They dig funnel-shaped pits. C. They dig square pits. D. They dig circular pits. 8) What is the purpose of the pits dug by the ant lions? A. They use the pits to hide from B. They use the pits to trap ants. predators. C. They use the pits to lay eggs. D. They use the pits to store food. 9) Do other creatures eat ant lions? A. No, no other creatures eat them. B. Yes, other creatures like birds and spiders eat them. C. No, they are not edible to any D. No, they are too dangerous to be creature. eaten. **10)** In which stage do ant lions fly? A. They fly in their larvae stage. B. They fly when they are eggs. C. They don't fly at all. D. They fly in their adult stage.

Reading





Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- **11**) "My diet is completely different from my larvae stage to when I grow my wings. From ants to pollen."
- 12) "Though some may find me intimidating, remember I am harmless to humans."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 28) During their adult period, ant lions feed mostly on nectar and pollen.
- **29)** Having big jaws when no other part of your body is big is a little bit scary.
- **30)** Ant lions go through three stages in their life cycle: egg, larva, and adult.
- **31)** It is amazing how ant lions create such tiny homes without any tools.
- **32)** The ant lion is an insect and not a type of ant or lion.
- **33)** Ant lions are the most interesting when they are in the stage of larva and hunting for food.
- **34)** Ant lions are harmless to humans.
- **35)** Ant lions dig funnel-shaped pits that serve as their homes and also as traps for their prey.
- **36)** The way ant lions trap their prey is very impressive!
- **37)** It's amazing how fast an antlion can catch an ant in its pit.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Birds and spiders eat ant lions.
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	Ant Lions	Name:			
<u>41</u>)	Adult ant lions may eat up to 200 ants a day!				
42)	Adult ant lions do not eat solid food.				
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).					
48)	Ant lions are also known as doodlebugs because of the squiggly trathey move through the sand.	ails they leave behind as			
49)	It's intriguing how an ant lion's pit can be almost perfect in its sym	nmetry!			

- 50) Ant lions dig cone-shaped pits in the sand to catch their prey.
- 51) What do ant lions eat?
- 52) How do ant lions catch their prey?
- 53) An ant lion can wait for days until a prey falls into its trap!
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- 55) Are ant lions dangerous to humans?
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			Ant Lions			Name:	
1.		26		51.		-	
2.		27		52.		_	
3.		28		53.		-	
4.		29		54.		_	
5.		30		55.		-	
6.		31		56.		-	
7.		32					
8.		33					
9.		34					
10.		35					
11.		36					
12.		37					
13.		38					
14.		39					
15.		40					
16.		41					
17.		42.					
18.		43					
19.		44					
20.		45					
21.		46					
22.		47					
23.		48					
24.		49					
25.		50					
	Reading	www.CommonCo	oreSheets.com	Page :	5 of 5		

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Ant Lions

Solve each problem.

Use	the article to answer the question.							
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,	A. Yes, their hunting reduces the number		No, they have no interactions with					
	of ants.		ants.					
	C. No, they do not affect the number of ants.	D.	No, they actually increase the number of ants.					
2)	Without do out light group lies light 2							
3)	Where do ant lions usually live? A. They live in water bodies.	D	They live in the forest.					
	C. They live in grasslands.		They live in sandy areas.					
	C. They live in grassianus.	D.	They live in sandy areas.					
4)	Do ant lions lay eggs?							
	A. No, they reproduce in a different way.		No, they don't lay eggs.					
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		2,						
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	A. No, no other creatures eat them.	В.	Yes, other creatures like birds and					
	C No they are not adible to any	Л	spiders eat them.					
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			Ant Lions			Name:	Answer Key
1.	A	26.	false	51.	interrogative		
2.	A	27.	true	52.	interrogative		
3.	D	28.	fact	53.	exclamatory		
4.	D	29.	opinion	54.	declarative		
5.	C	30.	fact	55.	interrogative		
6.	B	31.	opinion	56.	exclamatory		
7.	В	32.	fact				
8.	B	33.	opinion				
9.	B	34.	fact				
10.	D	35.	fact				
11.	true	36.	opinion				
12.	true	37.	opinion				
13.	true	38.	true				
14.	false	39.	false				
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	false	41.	false				
17.	false	42.	true				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	true	45.	false				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	true	47.	true				
23.	false	48.	declarative				
24.	true	49.	exclamatory				
25.	false	50.	declarative				
		www.Commo	onCoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		

	Ant Lie	ons	Name:						
Solv	Solve each problem.								
	Use the article to answer the question.								
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2)	Do ant lions help in reducing the number of a								
	A. Yes, their hunting reduces the number of ants.	в.	No, they have no interactions with ants.						
	С.	D.							
3)	Where do ant lions usually live? (paragraph 2)								
0)	A.	B.	They live in the forest.						
	С.	D.	They live in sandy areas.						
4)	Do ant lions lay eggs? (paragraph 3)								
-)	A. No, they reproduce in a different way.	B.	No, they don't lay eggs.						
	С.	D.	Yes, adult ant lions lay eggs.						
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	A. C.	В. D.	They use the pits to trap ants.						
		D.							
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Det	ermine if the statements is something the a	nime	al would say (W) or it it is not something						

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11)	1 1 1100 0 1 1		

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