Imagine being in the chilly Arctic and spotting a fluffy ball of white blending into the snow - that's an Arctic hare for you! These amazing creatures are the polar bunnies of the Arctic regions, and they're perfectly adapted for their icy homes. With a thick coat of fur that's as white as the snow around them, they're not easy to spot. Their long, strong hind legs help them jump high and run fast, while their shorter front legs are perfect for digging in the snow.

Speaking of digging in the snow, ever wondered what's on the menu for an Arctic hare? Well, these hares are herbivores, which means they mostly eat plants. During the summer, they munch on tasty flowers, leaves, and grasses, but in winter, when the ground is covered with snow, they have to rely on



woody plants, mosses, and lichens. Sometimes, they even eat their own frozen droppings to get back some of the nutrients!

Moving from their chilly meals to their life cycle, Arctic hares have a pretty interesting life. They usually live alone, but when the weather gets really cold, they come together in groups to keep warm. In early spring, female hares give birth to up to eight babies, known as leverets. These leverets grow up quickly, and by the time they're a month old, they're ready to face the Arctic world on their own.

Iust like us humans, Arctic hares have their own set of friends and foes in the Arctic. While they're friendly and harmless to humans, they have to watch out for predators like Arctic foxes, wolves, and polar bears. To protect themselves, they use their amazing camouflage, speed, and sometimes even stand still to look like a part of the snow-covered landscape. The Arctic hare, with its unique abilities and adaptations, truly is a wonder of the Arctic world.

	Arct	ic Hare	Name:	
olv	e each problem.			
Use	the article to answer the question.			
1)	What do Arctic hares use their short from	-		
	A. For digging in the snow	B. For climbing		
	C. For catching prey	D. For swimming	g in the sea	
2)	When do female hares give birth to their	babies?		
	A. In early autumn	B. In winter		
	C. In late summer	D. In early spring	7	
3)	How many babies can a female Arctic ha	are give birth to?		
	A. Up to three babies	B. Up to eight ba	bies	
	C. Only one baby	D. Around six ba	bies	
4)	Why do Arctic hares come together in g	coups?		
,	A. To migrate	B. To build burro	ows	
	C. To find food	D. To keep warm	l l	
5)	What do Arctic hares eat in winter?			
2)	A. Leaves, flowers, and grasses	B. Insects		
	C. Fish	D. Woody plants	, mosses, and lichens	
6)	What is a baby Arctic hare called?			
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')	A. Three months old	B. At birth	w11 :	
	C. One month old	D. Six months ol	d	
0)	Will at a share's the form of any America have 9			
8)	What color is the fur of an Arctic hare? A. White	B. Black		
	C. Brown	D. Grey		
		·		
9)	What are some of the predators of Arctic		and hereing	
	A. Gorillas, orangutans, and chimpanzees	B. Zebras, warth	Sgs, and nyenas	
	C. Arctic foxes, wolves, and polar bear	s D. Lions, tigers,	and cheetahs	
10)	What does an Arctic hare eat during sum	- mer?		
±0)	A. Frozen droppings	B. Meat		
	C. Flowers, leaves, and grasses		, mosses, and lichens	

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "My color stands out, making me easy to spot in the snow."

	Arctic Hare Name:
12)	"When it's too cold outside, we hares get together to stay warm. We're like a big family
	then."
13)	"We feast on fish and insects during the summer."
14)	"Our fur turns green during summer."
15)	"In summer, I feast on juicy flowers and leaves."
16)	"My front legs are stronger and longer than my back legs."
17)	"My mom had eight children, and we were ready to face the Arctic world on our own within a month."
18)	"Did you know that I'm covered in fur that matches the snow? No wonder it's hard to spot me!"
19)	"Our babies are born fully grown and independent."
20)	"We give birth to only one baby each spring."
21)	"When I'm scared, I stand really still, and blend in with the snow. You can't see me!"
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.
22)	Arctic hares can have as many as eight leverets in a single litter.
23)	It's amazing how Arctic hares can find food even in the snowy winter months.
24)	Arctic hares group together during cold weather to keep each other warm.
25)	It is fascinating that Arctic hares can eat woody plants, mosses, and lichens to survive in winter.
26)	During summer, Arctic hares eat flowers, leaves, and grasses for food.
27)	The fact that arctic hares will eat their own frozen droppings is disgusting.
28)	In just about a month, leverets are mature enough to fend for themselves.
29)	In winter Arctic hares will eat woody plants, mosses, and lichens.
30)	Arctic hares look extra cute with their long ears.
31)	The way Arctic hares use their short front legs for digging is impressive.
Dete	ermine if the statement is true or false.
32)	Arctic hares are herbivores.
33)	In early spring, female hares give birth to as many as 50 babies.
34)	Female hares give birth to up to eight babies.
35)	Arctic hares live in tropical rainforests.
36)	Arctic hares may live in groups to keep warm when it is very cold.
37)	In winter, Arctic hares only eat meat.
38)	During winter Arctic hares hibernate.
39)	Polar bears are very friendly with Arctic hares.
<b>40</b> )	Arctic hares sometimes eat their own droppings.
41)	In winter, an Arctic hare may rely on moss for food.
41) Dete	

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## Arctic Hare

Name:

- **42**) Arctic hares have sharp claws for digging.
- **43)** Do arctic hares hibernate?
- 44) Arctic hares have fur that turns white in winter.
- **45**) Arctic hares have long ears.
- **46)** How do arctic hares protect themselves from predators?
- **47**) What color is an arctic hare in winter?

	I	Arctic Hare	Name:
1	26.		
2.	27.		
3.	28.		
4.	29.		
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6.	31.		
7.	32.		
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11	36.		
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Rea	ding www.Commo	onCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5

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			D. Woody plants, mos	ses, and lichens					
Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something	_								

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "My color stands out, making me easy to spot in the snow."

	Arctic Hare Name:	Answer	Kev
12)	"When it's too cold outside, we hares get together to stay warm. We're like a big fam		1105
,	then."		
13)	"We feast on fish and insects during the summer."		
14)	"Our fur turns green during summer."		
15)	"In summer, I feast on juicy flowers and leaves."		
16)	"My front legs are stronger and longer than my back legs."		
17)	"My mom had eight children, and we were ready to face the Arctic world on our ow within a month."	n	
18)	"Did you know that I'm covered in fur that matches the snow? No wonder it's hard to me!"	o spot	
<b>19</b> )	"Our babies are born fully grown and independent."		
20)	"We give birth to only one baby each spring."		
21)	"When I'm scared, I stand really still, and blend in with the snow. You can't see me!"	"	
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article	e.	
22)	Arctic hares can have as many as eight leverets in a single litter.		
23)	It's amazing how Arctic hares can find food even in the snowy winter months.		
24)	Arctic hares group together during cold weather to keep each other warm.		
25)	It is fascinating that Arctic hares can eat woody plants, mosses, and lichens to surviv winter.	ve in	
26)	During summer, Arctic hares eat flowers, leaves, and grasses for food.		
27)	The fact that arctic hares will eat their own frozen droppings is disgusting.		
28)	In just about a month, leverets are mature enough to fend for themselves.		
<b>29</b> )	In winter Arctic hares will eat woody plants, mosses, and lichens.		
30)	Arctic hares look extra cute with their long ears.		
31)	The way Arctic hares use their short front legs for digging is impressive.		
Dete	ermine if the statement is true or false.		
32)	Arctic hares are herbivores.		
33)	In early spring, female hares give birth to as many as 50 babies.		
34)	Female hares give birth to up to eight babies.		
35)	Arctic hares live in tropical rainforests.		
36)	Arctic hares may live in groups to keep warm when it is very cold.		
37)	In winter, Arctic hares only eat meat.		
38)	During winter Arctic hares hibernate.		
<b>39</b> )	Polar bears are very friendly with Arctic hares.		
<b>40</b> )	Arctic hares sometimes eat their own droppings.		
41)	In winter, an Arctic hare may rely on moss for food.		
	ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or erative(m).		
	Reading www.CommonCoreSheets.com Page 2 of 4		



- **42)** Arctic hares have sharp claws for digging.
- **43**) Do arctic hares hibernate?
- **44**) Arctic hares have fur that turns white in winter.
- **45**) Arctic hares have long ears.
- **46)** How do arctic hares protect themselves from predators?
- **47**) What color is an arctic hare in winter?

			Arctic Hare		Name:	Answer Key
1.	A	26.	fact			
2.	D	27.	opinion			
3.	B	28.	fact			
4.	D	29.	fact			
5.	<b>D</b>	30.	opinion			
6.	В	31.	opinion			
7.	С	32.	true			
8.	A	33.	false			
9.	C	34.	true			
10.	C	35.	false			
11.	false	36.	true			
12.	true	37	false			
13.	false	38.	false			
14.	false	39.	false			
15.	true	40.	true			
16.	false	41	true			
17.	true	42.	declarative			
18.	true	43.	interrogative			
19.	false	44.	declarative			
20.	false	45.	declarative			
21.	true	46.	interrogative			
22.	fact	47	interrogative			
23.	opinion					
24.	fact					
25.	opinion					
		www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4 of 4		

	Arctic I	Jaro	Name:				
Solv	e each problem.		Ivanie.				
	Use the article to answer the question.						
	What do Arctic hares use their short front leg	2S for? (paragraph 1)					
,	A. For digging in the snow	B. For climbing trees					
	С.	D.					
2)	When do female hares give birth to their bab	ies? (paragraph 3)					
	A. In early autumn	В.					
	С.	D. In early spring					
3)	How many babies can a female Arctic hare g	rive birth to? (paragraph 3)					
,	A. Up to three babies	B. Up to eight babies					
	С.	D.					
4)	Why do Arctic hares come together in group	S? (paragraph 3)					
,	A. To migrate	B. To build burrows					
	C.	D. To keep warm					
5)	What do Arctic hares eat in winter? (paragraph 2	)					
,	A. Leaves, flowers, and grasses	В.					
	C.	D. Woody plants, mosses, an	d lichens				
6)	What is a baby Arctic hare called? (paragraph 3)						
,	А.	B. A leveret					
	С.	D.					
7)	What age can baby Arctic hares face the Arc	tic world on their own? (paragraph	3)				
	A. Three months old	В.					
	C. One month old	D.					
8)	What color is the fur of an Arctic hare? (parage	raph 1)					
	A. White	B. Black					
	С.	D.					
9)	What are some of the predators of Arctic har	es? (paragraph 4)					
	A. Gorillas, orangutans, and	B. Zebras, warthogs, and hye	enas				
	chimpanzees	D					
	C. Arctic foxes, wolves, and polar bears	D.					
10)	What does an Arctic hare eat during summer						
	A. Frozen droppings	B. Meat					
	C. Flowers, leaves, and grasses	D.					
Dete	ermine if the statements is something the a	nimal would say (W) or it it is	not something				

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "My color stands out, making me easy to spot in the snow." (paragraph 1)



Arctic Hare

12) "When it's too cold outside, we hares get together to stay warm. We're like a big family then." (paragraph 3)

