

Name:

Imagine a bug with a wheel on its back, sounds pretty cool, right? Well, meet the wheel bug, a fascinating insect that gets its name from the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on its back. This curious creature is one of the largest members of the assassin bug family, growing up to 1.5 inches long. Their bodies are usually brown or grey, and they have long, slender legs and antennae.



Continuing our journey, let's delve into the habitats of these

unique bugs. Wheel bugs are native to North America and can be found from coast to coast, living in forests, gardens, and fields. They're true homebodies and usually stay in the same area their whole life. They prefer warmer climates, but can survive in colder regions during the winter by hiding under leaf litter or bark.

Now, what do you think these critters eat? They have quite an appetite for other bugs, including harmful pests like aphids and caterpillars. They use their long, sharp beak to stab their prey and inject a venom that turns their insides into liquid, which they then slurp up like a bug smoothie! Despite their scary feeding habits, wheel bugs are generally not aggressive towards humans unless provoked.

Let's take a peek into the wheel bug's life cycle and defenses. After mating in the fall, the female lays a cluster of eggs that hatch into tiny nymphs in the spring. These nymphs go through several stages of growth before becoming adults, shedding their skin each time. Their wheel-shaped crest not only makes them look cool, but also serves as a warning to predators that they are not a tasty snack.



In the world of bugs, wheel bugs certainly stand out with their unique appearance and lifestyle. They play an important role in controlling pest populations, making them a friend to gardeners and farmers. Though they might look a bit scary, remember they're more interested in gobbling up other bugs than bothering humans. So next time you're exploring the great outdoors, keep an eye out for these incredible insects and their wheel-shaped crests!

Wheel Bug Name:									
Solv	e each problem.	248	Tunio.						
<ul><li>Use the article to answer the question.</li><li>1) How do wheel bugs feed on their prey?</li></ul>									
,	A. They tie up their prey with silk before eating it.	B. They spin their prey stun them.	in their wheel to						
	C. They use their wheel to crush their prey.	D. They inject a venom prey's insides into lic							
2)	What is the purpose of the wheel bug's whee	el-shaped crest?							
	A. It captures sunlight for energy.	B. It is used to grind the	eir food.						
	C. It helps them move faster.	D. It serves as a warnin	g to predators.						
3)	What color are wheel bugs?								
,	A. They are usually green or black.	B. They are usually yel	low or red.						
	C. They are usually orange or white.	D. They are usually bro	wn or grey.						
4)	Do wheel bugs travel a lot?								
	A. Yes, each day they make a new home	B. Yes, they travel sout	h for the winter.						
	C. Yes, they move to new places every season.	D. No, they usually stay their whole life.							
	50450H.	then whole me.							
5)	When do female wheel bugs lay their eggs?	<b>D T</b> 1							
	A. In the fall.	B. In the summer.							
	C. In the spring.	D. In the winter.							
6)	How big do wheel bugs get?								
	A. Almost 6 inches	B. Almost 2 inches							
	C. Almost 8 inches	D. Almost 12 inches							
7)	Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live?								
,	A. In deserts and dry areas.	B. Only in snow and co	ld areas.						
	C. In watery areas like lakes and ponds.	D. In forests, gardens, a	nd fields.						
8)	What role do wheel bugs play for gardeners	and farmers?							
0)	A. They scare away other insects.	B. They spread pollen f	rom flower to						
		flower.							
	C. They help plants grow faster.	D. They control pest po	pulations.						
9)	How do wheel bugs survive in cold regions?	)							
	A. By staying with birds in their nest	B. Hiding under leaves							
	C. By hiding in underground burrows	D. By locating caves an	d staying in them						
10)	Wheel bugs are members of what bug family	v9							
<b>1U</b> )	A. Lady bugs	B. Assassin bugs							
	~								

C. Praying mantis D. Stink bugs

	Wheel I	Bug Na	me:		
11)	What gives the wheel bug its name?				
	A. The wheel-shaped crest on its back.	B. It spins like a wheel when it mo			
	C. Their eyes are shaped like wheels.	D. They have wheels instead of least	<b>3</b> S.		
	termine if the statements is something the ar animal would say (N).	nimal would say (W) or it it is not s	something		
12)	"I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their crop	ps safe from harmful pests."			
13)	"Here's a creepy thing I do - I stab other bug into liquid, which I then drink up!"	s with my sharp beak and turn their i	nsides		
14)	"We wheel bugs are a pest for gardeners and	farmers."			
15)	"Please don't provoke me! I won't bother you if you keep your distance."				
<b>16</b> )	"I can live anywhere from a dense forest to your home garden."				
17)	"Want to know how I survive in winter? I hide under leaf litter or bark!"				
18)	"I really enjoy feasting on plants and fruits."				
<b>19</b> )	"Believe it or not, I'm one of the biggest assa	assin bugs around."			
20)	"My wheel-shaped crest, besides being cool,	, acts as a warning to predators."			
21)	"I am really tiny, less than an inch long."				
22)	"We wheel bugs lay eggs daily."				
23)	"If you give me a warm climate, I'll be the ha	appiest bug around."			
24)	"Here's an interesting tidbit - I usually stay p	out in one place throughout my life."			
25)	"I can't stand warm climates, I love cold place	ces the most."			
26)	"I am a good friend of aphids and caterpillar	s."			
27)	"Sometimes I can be quite a nightmare for a	nhids and caternillars, they're my fax	orite		

27) "Sometimes I can be quite a nightmare for aphids and caterpillars, they're my favorite snacks!"

## Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **28)** Wheel bugs use a long, sharp beak to pierce their prey and inject venom, which turns their prey's insides into a liquid that they consume.
- **29)** It is amazing that wheel bugs can survive in a variety of climates, even in colder regions.
- **30)** Wheel bugs are carnivorous and they feed on other bugs like aphids and caterpillars.
- **31**) The way wheel bugs turn their prey into a liquid using their venom before eating it is kind of gross.
- **32**) Wheel bugs are native to North America, living in different places like forests, gardens, and fields.
- **33**) Wheel bugs are the best bugs because they control pest populations and help gardeners and farmers.
- **34**) Wheel bugs shed their skin several times during their growth period from being nymphs to becoming adults.
- **35)** Wheel bugs usually stay in the same area throughout their entire life.
- **36**) Wheel bugs look like they rolled straight out of a sci-fi movie.

Reading



## Wheel Bug

**37)** The way wheel bugs consume their prey is gross.

## Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Wheel bugs are native to North America.
- **39)** Wheel bugs often migrate hundreds of miles during winter.
- **40)** Wheel bugs use their sharp beak to inject a venom into their prey.
- 41) Wheel bugs are so small you need a microscope to view them.
- **42)** The wheel-shaped crest on a wheel bug's back is a warning signal to predators.
- **43**) Wheel bugs prefer to live in cold climates.
- **44)** Wheel bugs are aggressive towards humans.
- **45**) Wheel bugs are found exclusively in Asia.
- **46)** Wheel bugs are members of the assassin bug family.
- 47) Wheel bugs are named after the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on their back.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **48**) Do wheel bugs change their colors?
- **49)** The way wheel Bugs feed by injecting their prey with digestive enzymes and then sucking out the liquefied insides is incredibly gross!
- 50) Wheel bugs have a unique wheel-shaped structure on their thorax.
- 51) Their unique wheel-shaped protrusion on their back is so distinctive!
- 52) Where do wheel bugs live?
- 53) Do wheel bugs have wings?
- 54) Wheel bugs use their long beak-like mouthparts to inject venom into their prey.
- 55) Wheel bugs are beneficial insects as they prey on garden pests like caterpillars and beetles.

		Wheel Bug		]	Name:	
1.	2	6	51.			
2.	2	7	52.			
3.	21	8	53.			
4.	2	9	54			
5.	30	0	55			
6.	3	1				
7.	33	2				
8.	3.	3.				
9.	3.	4				
10.	3:	5				
11.	30	6				
12.	3	7				
13.	3.	8				
14.	30	9				
15.	44	0				
16.	4	1				
17.	42	2				
18.	41	3.				
19.	44	4				
20.	4:	5				
21.	4	6				
22.	4′	7				
23.	43	8				
24.	49	9				
25.	Dooding	0	D 7	- 6 5		
	www.Con	mmonCoreSheets.com	Page 5 o	5 10		



Name:

Imagine a bug with a wheel on its back, sounds pretty cool, right? Well, meet the wheel bug, a fascinating insect that gets its name from the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on its back. This curious creature is one of the largest members of the assassin bug family, growing up to 1.5 inches long. Their bodies are usually brown or grey, and they have long, slender legs and antennae.



Continuing our journey, let's delve into the habitats of these

unique bugs. Wheel bugs are native to North America and can be found from coast to coast, living in forests, gardens, and fields. They're true homebodies and usually stay in the same area their whole life. They prefer warmer climates, but can survive in colder regions during the winter by hiding under leaf litter or bark.

Now, what do you think these critters eat? They have quite an appetite for other bugs, including harmful pests like aphids and caterpillars. They use their long, sharp beak to stab their prey and inject a venom that turns their insides into liquid, which they then slurp up like a bug smoothie! Despite their scary feeding habits, wheel bugs are generally not aggressive towards humans unless provoked.

Let's take a peek into the wheel bug's life cycle and defenses. After mating in the fall, the female lays a cluster of eggs that hatch into tiny nymphs in the spring. These nymphs go through several stages of growth before becoming adults, shedding their skin each time. Their wheel-shaped crest not only makes them look cool, but also serves as a warning to predators that they are not a tasty snack.



In the world of bugs, wheel bugs certainly stand out with their unique appearance and lifestyle. They play an important role in controlling pest populations, making them a friend to gardeners and farmers. Though they might look a bit scary, remember they're more interested in gobbling up other bugs than bothering humans. So next time you're exploring the great outdoors, keep an eye out for these incredible insects and their wheel-shaped crests!

	Wheel H	Bug	Nam	e:	Answer Key					
Solv	e each problem.									
Use the article to answer the question.										
1)	How do wheel bugs feed on their prey?									
	A. They tie up their prey with silk before eating it.	В.	They spin their prey in their whee stun them.	el to						
	C. They use their wheel to crush their prey.	D.	They inject a venom that turns the prey's insides into liquid.	eir						
2)	What is the purpose of the wheel bug's wheel	-sha	uped crest?							
	A. It captures sunlight for energy.	B.	It is used to grind their food.							
	C. It helps them move faster.	D.	It serves as a warning to predator	s.						
3)	What color are wheel bugs?									
3)	A. They are usually green or black.	B.	They are usually yellow or red.							
	C. They are usually orange or white.		They are usually brown or grey.							
4)	Do wheel bugs travel a lot?	п	We also and south for the set	4						
	A. Yes, each day they make a new home		Yes, they travel south for the win							
	C. Yes, they move to new places every season.	D.	No, they usually stay in the same their whole life.	area						
5)	When do female wheel bugs lay their eggs?	Б								
	A. In the fall.		In the summer.							
	C. In the spring.	D.	In the winter.							
6)	How big do wheel bugs get?									
	A. Almost 6 inches	В.	Almost 2 inches							
	C. Almost 8 inches	D.	Almost 12 inches							
7)	Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live?									
,	A. In deserts and dry areas.	B.	Only in snow and cold areas.							
	C. In watery areas like lakes and ponds.	D.	In forests, gardens, and fields.							
8)	What role do wheel bugs play for gardeners a	and t	farmers?							
0)	A. They scare away other insects.		They spread pollen from flower to	0						
		2.	flower.	0						
	C. They help plants grow faster.	D.	They control pest populations.							
<b>0</b> )	How do wheel bugs survive in cold regions?									
)	A. By staying with birds in their nest	В	Hiding under leaves							
	C. By hiding in underground burrows		By locating caves and staying in	them						
			, <u> </u>							
10)	Wheel bugs are members of what bug family		A agaggin hugg							
	A. Lady bugs C. Praving mantis		Assassin bugs Stink bugs							

C. Praying mantis D. Stink bugs

	Wheel	Bug	Name:	Answer Key					
11)	11) What gives the wheel bug its name?								
	A. The wheel-shaped crest on its back.	B. It spins like a wheel wher	it moves.						
	C. Their eyes are shaped like wheels.	D. They have wheels instead	of legs.						
the	Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).								
12)	"I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their cro	ops safe from harmful pests."							
13)	"Here's a creepy thing I do - I stab other bug into liquid, which I then drink up!"	gs with my sharp beak and turn	their inside	S					
14)	"We wheel bugs are a pest for gardeners and	d farmers."							
15)	"Please don't provoke me! I won't bother you if you keep your distance."								
16)	"I can live anywhere from a dense forest to your home garden."								
17)	"Want to know how I survive in winter? I h	ide under leaf litter or bark!"							
18)	"I really enjoy feasting on plants and fruits.	"							
<b>19</b> )	"Believe it or not, I'm one of the biggest ass	sassin bugs around."							
20)	"My wheel-shaped crest, besides being cool	l, acts as a warning to predators	."						
21)	"I am really tiny, less than an inch long."								
22)	"We wheel bugs lay eggs daily."								
23)	"If you give me a warm climate, I'll be the h	happiest bug around."							
24)	"Here's an interesting tidbit - I usually stay	put in one place throughout my	life."						
25)	"I can't stand warm climates, I love cold pla	aces the most."							
26)	"I am a good friend of aphids and caterpilla	rs."							

27) "Sometimes I can be quite a nightmare for aphids and caterpillars, they're my favorite snacks!"

#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **28)** Wheel bugs use a long, sharp beak to pierce their prey and inject venom, which turns their prey's insides into a liquid that they consume.
- 29) It is amazing that wheel bugs can survive in a variety of climates, even in colder regions.
- **30**) Wheel bugs are carnivorous and they feed on other bugs like aphids and caterpillars.
- **31**) The way wheel bugs turn their prey into a liquid using their venom before eating it is kind of gross.
- **32)** Wheel bugs are native to North America, living in different places like forests, gardens, and fields.
- **33**) Wheel bugs are the best bugs because they control pest populations and help gardeners and farmers.
- **34)** Wheel bugs shed their skin several times during their growth period from being nymphs to becoming adults.
- **35)** Wheel bugs usually stay in the same area throughout their entire life.
- **36)** Wheel bugs look like they rolled straight out of a sci-fi movie.

Reading

**37)** The way wheel bugs consume their prey is gross.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38**) Wheel bugs are native to North America.
- **39)** Wheel bugs often migrate hundreds of miles during winter.
- 40) Wheel bugs use their sharp beak to inject a venom into their prey.
- 41) Wheel bugs are so small you need a microscope to view them.
- 42) The wheel-shaped crest on a wheel bug's back is a warning signal to predators.
- **43**) Wheel bugs prefer to live in cold climates.
- **44)** Wheel bugs are aggressive towards humans.
- **45**) Wheel bugs are found exclusively in Asia.
- **46**) Wheel bugs are members of the assassin bug family.
- 47) Wheel bugs are named after the spiky, wheel-shaped crest on their back.

## Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **48**) Do wheel bugs change their colors?
- **49)** The way wheel Bugs feed by injecting their prey with digestive enzymes and then sucking out the liquefied insides is incredibly gross!
- 50) Wheel bugs have a unique wheel-shaped structure on their thorax.
- 51) Their unique wheel-shaped protrusion on their back is so distinctive!
- 52) Where do wheel bugs live?
- 53) Do wheel bugs have wings?
- 54) Wheel bugs use their long beak-like mouthparts to inject venom into their prey.
- 55) Wheel bugs are beneficial insects as they prey on garden pests like caterpillars and beetles.

			Wheel Bug			Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	false	51.	exclamatory		
2.	D	27.	true	52.	interrogative		
3.	D	28.	fact	53.	interrogative		
4.	D	29.	opinion	54.	declarative		
5.	A	30.	fact	55.	declarative		
6.	B	31.	opinion				
7.	D	32.	fact				
8.	D	33.	opinion				
9.	<u> </u>	34.	fact				
10.	В	35.	fact				
11.	A	36.	opinion				
12.	true	37.	opinion				
13.	true	38.	true				
14.	false	39.	false				
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	true	41.	false				
17.	true	42.	true				
18.	false	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	true	45.	false				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	true				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	true	49.	exclamatory				
25.	false	50.	declarative				
	Reading	www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		

	Wheel Bug Name:										
Solv	e each problem.	Dug	, ivano.								
Use	Use the article to answer the question.										
	1) How do wheel bugs feed on their prey? (paragraph 3)										
	Α.	B.	They spin their prey in their wheel to stun them.								
	С.	D.	They inject a venom that turns their prey's insides into liquid.								
2)	What is the purpose of the wheel bug's whe	el-sha	aped crest? (paragraph 4)								
	A. It captures sunlight for energy.	B.	-								
	C.	D.	It serves as a warning to predators.								
3)	What color are wheel bugs? (paragraph 1)										
	A. They are usually green or black.	B.	They are usually yellow or red.								
	C.	D.	They are usually brown or grey.								
4)	Do wheel bugs travel a lot? (paragraph 2)										
,	A. Yes, each day they make a new home	B.									
	С.	D.	No, they usually stay in the same area their whole life.								
5)	When do female wheel bugs lay their eggs?	(paragi	raph 4)								
	A. In the fall.	ч в.									
	С.	D.									
6)	How big do wheel bugs get? (paragraph 1)										
- /	A. Almost 6 inches	B.	Almost 2 inches								
	С.	D.									
7)	Where do wheel bugs usually prefer to live	? (parag	graph 2)								
,	A.		Only in snow and cold areas.								
	С.	D.	In forests, gardens, and fields.								
8)	What role do wheel bugs play for gardeners	and	farmers? (paragraph 5)								
- /	A.		They spread pollen from flower to								
			flower.								
	С.	D.	They control pest populations.								
9)	How do wheel bugs survive in cold regions	? (parag	graph 2)								
	A. By staying with birds in their nest		Hiding under leaves								
	С.	D.									
10)	Wheel bugs are members of what bug famil	ly? (pa	ragraph 1)								
	A. Lady bugs		Assassin bugs								
	C.	D.									

	Whee	el Bug	Name:	
11)	What gives the wheel bug its name? (paragr	aph 1)		
	A. The wheel-shaped crest on its back.	B. It spins lik	e a wheel when it moves.	
	С.	D.		

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

12) "I'm a farmer's best friend, keeping their crops safe from harmful pests." (paragraph 5)